ALDERMEN ADOPT **SEGREGATION LAW**

Plan to Separate Races Now Up to Mayor Richardson.

UMLAUF TRAFFIC LAW DELAYED

City Collector Cunningham Wins Fight Against Reduction of Fees-Ordinance Prohibiting Pawnbrokers From Selling Pistols Is Adopted. Many New Measures.

Race segregation as proposed in the Vonderlehr ordinance was concurred in by the Board of Aldermen last night without debate. The ordinance as offered now goes to the Mayor for approval, and takes effect from his signature. The measure was adopted by the Common Council last month on recommendation of the Committee on Ordinance, Charter and Reform, and

A letter of protest was read from Woodward & Son, approving the principle of segregation, but objecting to features of the ordinance, and there was a letter of protest from a number City Attorney, to the effect that the ordinance as drawn would up upheld in the courts, was also read.

What Is Proposed.
ordinance is designed to secure The ordinance is designed to secure separate location of residences for white and colored people. It provides that it shall be unlawful for any white person to occupy as a residence, or to establish and maintain as a place of public assembly, any house upon any etteer or alley between two adjacent errors. The legislative situation to-night is still much clouded. Unless the run-aways return there can be no appropriation bills or revenue and assessing the life and development of the nation.

A Young Man's Party.

"It is so far from being a party of the State.

The legislative situation to-night is which seek control instead of freely serving the life and development of the nation.

A Young Man's Party. prilation bills or revenue and asperapublic assembly, any house upon any
street or alley between two adjacent
streets on which a greater number of
houses are occupied as residents by
colored people than are occupied as
residences by white people. Similarity, it provides that it shall be unlawful for any colored person to occupy
as a residence, or to establish or maintain as a place of public assembly, any
house upon any street or alley between house upon any street or alley between two adjacent streets, on which a greater number of houses are occupied as residences by white people than are occupied as residences by colored peo-

any house or other building intended to be used as a residence without declaring in his application for a permit to build, whether the house or building so to be constructed is designed to be occupied by white or colored to be occupied by white or colored instructed not to issue any permit in such case unless the applicant complete or even temporary cure therepiles with this provision. It is also provided that nothing in the ordinance of the industry, to which board all the operatives.

At Least Nineteen Killed.

At Least Nineteen Killed.

Kansas City, Mo., April 13.—Although the weather is fair to-night through of an honest, indomitable nature, and so we see embodied in them the two sides of Democrary, its thoughful ness, its vision of hope, its confidence in the progress and liberation of manking, and in the rugged Jackson, who seemed to cut his way toward the right by the way toward the right by the way toward the right by the way toward the rugged Jackson, who seemed to cut his way toward the right by the way toward the right by the way toward the right by the submit in the rugged Jackson, who seemed to cut his way toward the right by the submit in the rugged Jackson, who seemed to cut his way toward the right by the weather is fair to-night through the weather is fair to-night through in th provided that nothing in the ordinance of the industry, to which board and is to affect the location of residences made previous to the approval of the ordinance, and that no part of the ordinance is to be so construed as to ordinance is to be so construed as to prevent the occupation of residences by white or colored servants or em-

so well, the first being amended so as to practically kill it, while the second was recommitted. The ordinance concerning the City Collector reduced

effect from the end of the term of captain Cunningham, January 1, 1914.

Mr. Don Levy opposed the amendment, saying that the lower branch had defeated a similar amendment, making it take effect from 1912. He predicted that the office would be abolished by 1914, saying that there

was no question but that such a ster should be taken, and that the Legisla-

city to save \$10,000 a year in doing away with a useless position.

Put Up Long Enough.

To defeat the measure by such an amendment as was proposed, he said, would so enrage the people of the city who have long enough put up with excessive fee offices, that a clamor would be started to have it abolshed at once.

"I am a friend of Captain Cunningham," said Mr. Don Levy, "but this not a matter of friendship—it is one of duty. The compensation is now more than \$12,000 a year. When he entered into office, it was but one-third of that amount."

Teamster Finds It and Holiday Is Declared.

Boston, April 13.—Coins and crumpled this to the amount of \$2.495 greeted the eyes of Peter J. Pitts, a teamster, to-day when his horse backed a wagon over a discarded lounge which had been over a discarded lounge which had been when a wheel of the wagon broke the lounge when the hounge had disclosed the money. His shouts brought a crowd of workmen, to whom he gave a share of the treasure, and a holiday Is Declared.

Boston, April 13.—Coins and crumpled the teamster, to-day when his horse backed a wagon over a discarded lounge which had been when a wheel of the wagon broke the lounge and disclosed the money. His shouts brought a crowd of workmen, to whom he gave a share of the treasure, and a holiday was at once declared. No clue to the original owner of the money has been found.

The master Finds It and Holiday Is Declared.

Boston, April 13.—Coins and crumpled the teamster, to-day when his horse backed a wagon over a discarded lounge which had been the eyes of Peter J. Pitts, a teamster, to-day when his horse backed a wagon over a discarded lounge which had been the eyes of the people, and the rights of the people, but privilege has worn many forms. What is the especial form of privilege we now fight? How does it endanger the rights of the people, and what do we mean to do in order to make our contest against it effectual?

What are to be the items of our new declaration of independence?

Menning of "Privilege."

into office, it was but one-third that amount." Mr. Bennett defended Captain Cunningham, saying that he had had additional expenses this year. Mr. Don Levy thought that a man who received \$12,500 a year could afford to add a \$600 deputy for Washington Ward, Mr. Hobson agreed that the office should be abolished, but thought it unfair to take action during the term for which the incumbent had been elected, even though the city had a legal right to do so. The Hobson amendment was adopted and the ordinance as amendningham, saying that he had had aded to take effect from January 1, 1914, was then adopted. It will go back to the lower branch for concurrence the amendment. The companion ordin-ance reducing the fees of the Commissioner of the Revenue from 1-2 to 3-8 of 1 per cent. was recommitted to the Committee on Ordinance, Charter and Reform, although it was admitted that

ne one knew what Mr. Hawkins was (Continued on Ninth Page.)

TAFT LEADERS BUSY

hey Are Getting State Delegations Pledged to His Renomination. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, D. C., April 13 .- The Washington, D. C., April 13.—The business of pledging delegations for the renomination of President Taft in 1912 is making rapid progress. Almost before the politicians were aware that the 1912 campaign really was on. President Taft's friends were working to secure delegations. North Carolina Republican leaders some time ago pledged a delegation to Taft, and now Secretary Hilles has received a telegram from officials of the South Carolina Republican Executive Committee saying that, the State delegation had been pledged to the renomination of the President. The action of the South Carolina Republican leaders, who are largely Federal officeholders, adds eighteen delegates to the Taft column. The President, in the resolutions adopted in South Carolina's especially praised for reciprocity. It is expected that pledges from other States will follow rapidly. It is the purpose of the Taft leaders, of whom Postmaster-General Hitchcock is chief, to get enough delegations pledged to head off any insurgent movement and to have the renomination of Mr. Taft sewed up before the convention draws near, A big fight is bound to come in the next convention to determine which is the "regular" and which the "irregular" crowd, and whether the mixed or "all white" aggregation is bona fide. P. H. McG. usiness of pledging delegations for

LEAVE THE STATE

Legislators Run Away to Nullify Elec-

was later tabled in the Board. It was concurred in on a viva voce vote, in which two or three negatives were to be heard.

A letter of protest was read from

A letter of protest was read from sion for the next two years, meeting by and in love with what has been, and adjourning from day to day. A representative of the absent law- with the ideals which made these men makers issued a statement this after-noon in which it was declared that the missing legislators left the State in the breath of our party's life is its order to nullify the election bill passed utter faith in the principles of Demo-

Cotton Business.

Boston, Mass., April 13.—The necessity of co-operation between the various department of the Federal government and textile manufacturers was residences by white people than are eccupied as residences by colored people.

As to New Houses.

The ordinance goes on to provide that no person shall construct or locate on any block or square on which there is at that time no residence any house or other building intended any house or other building intended any house or other building intended to be used as a residence without de
etnment and textile manufacturers was explained at length by Albert Farwell Burns, of Boston, at to-day's session of the National Association of Cotton Minufacturers. Other speakers in the make, struggling from achievement to achiev

TAFT ON THE SCENE

ployes on the square or block on which they are employed.

The penalty clause provides that every person, either by himself or through his agent, violating any provision is liable to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$200, recoverable before the Police Justice, and in the discretion of the Police Justice, Buth on the square of the confined in the city jail not less than thirty nor more than ninety days.

Cunningham Wins Out.

The list of injured will number more than dunderstanding. Its blood is the blood of the people. Its purposes the blood of the people are the purposes shared by all manbarrowly missed witnessing a double drowning. The President and Major Butt, his military aide, president and Major Butt to investigate. A negro woman had thrown her boy in the river and then jumped in herself. Both drowned. The President sent Major Butt to investigate. A negro woman had thrown her boy in the river and then jumped in herself. Both drowned. The President sent Major Butt to more than \$1,000,000.

The ordinances reducing excessive fees of the City Collector and Commissioner of the Revenue did not fare so well, the first being amended so as to match the sent and male in the condition thereof the people. Its purposes are the purposes shared by all manbar the blood of the people. Its purposes are the purposes shared by all manbar the blood of the people. It is, though the damage in other sections visited by the stofm will bring the blood of the people. It is, though the damage in the set will and understanding. Its blood is the blood of the people. It is thought the damage in the set will and understanding. Its blood is the blood of the people. It is thought the damage in the set will and understanding. Its blood of the people. It is thought the damage in the set will and understanding. Its blood of the people. It is thought the blood of the people. It i

BOW TO AMERICANS

concerning the City Collector reduced his commission from 5-8 to 1-2 of 1 per cent., to take effect at once.

Mr. Hobson led the fight on the measure for Captain Cunningham, urging that it was unfair to change the compensation after an official had been elected by the people. He moved to amend by making the reduction take effect from the end of the term of Captain Cunningham. Lennand to the rest of the foreign world must be effect from the end of the term of Captain and Captain de Chambrun, millitary attache of the French embassy, who returned to Washington to-day who returned to Washington to-day from a tour of observation of the mob-

FORTUNE IN LOUNGE

TO PROTECT STATE

Attorney-General Takes Hand in Suit ple, by means which are private and

SOLDIER A SUICIDE

Rodney C. Howard, of Falls Church,
Va., Shoots Himself.

Watertown, N. Y., April 13.—Quartermaster Sergeant Rodney C. Howard,
aged forty-five, of the Twenty-fourth
Infantry, stationed at Madison Barracks, committed suicide to-day by
shooting bimself through the head with
a revolver. Howard's home was Falls
Church, Va.

to be governments representative of the
people, and become governments representative of the special interests,
controlled by machines, which, in their
turn are not controlled by the people.

"We are not attacking men. We are
attacking a system. The men are, most
(Continued on Third Page.)

THROWOPENGATES GRAIN ELEVATOR OF OPPORTUNITY BLOWNINTORIVER

WOODROW WILSON SOUNDS KEYNOTE

In Address Before National League of Democratic Clubs He Declares the Objects of Party of Jefferson and Jackson-Open Politics to Public View.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 13 .- Urging the Democratic party to state its creed in the concrete and define clearly the especial form of privilege it declares against in a general campaign "for the Nashville, Tenn., April 13.—Twenty
Republicans and fourteen independent row Wilson, of New Jersey, in an address to the National League of Demicrostic Clubs here to day set forth Democratic members of the Tennessee ocratic Clubs here to-day set forth Legislature have gone to Decatur, Ala. | the objects of the party as he believed for the purpose of blocking further they exist and should be stated, Gov-

yesterday, and because they believed the regulars would attempt to repeal the liquor law now on the statute books of the State.

""" the election bill passed tutter faith in the principles of Democracy. It is its devotion to the rights of the people of whatever class or dependent of the people of whatever class or dependent of the people of whatever class or dependent of the principles of Democracy. It is its devotion to the rights of the people of whatever class or dependent of the people of

"It is so far from being a party of mere reminiscence, a party which tries to draw the country back to policies which belong to another time, to the circumstances of another age, that it is, above all others, a young man's party, because a party of movement, of readjustment, a party that presses toward the future with unshaken faith with unwavering confidence and ever principles of freedom, which are none

the field of cultivated thought.

Not a Mere Theory.

"Democracy is not a mere theory of government. It is an energy of life, dwelling in the rank and file, inter preted once and again by great lead-

ration of Independence, which Jeffer-The Declaration of Independour day. It is a mere starting point is dark, for our thoughts. It is of no conseitself gives, so concrete, so intimately involved in the circumstances of the day in which it was conceived and

"It is an eminently practical document, meant for the use of practical men; not a thesis for philosophers, but a whip for tyrants; not a theory of government, but a program of action. Unless we can translate it into questions of our own day, we are not worthy of it, we are not sons of the

we mean control of the law, of legislation and of adjudication, by organizations which do not represent the peomeans. We have seen our governments under these influences cease to be representative governments, cease to be governments representative of the

(Continued on Third Page.)

REPUBLICAN SIDE

PARTY PROGRAM NOW UNDER WAY

Property Damage Very Heavy, and Many People Are Reported Killed-Death List in Wednesday's Tornado Now Rushed Through House, Stands at Nineteen, With Only Fifteen Voting Reports Meagre. Against It.

St. Louis, April 13 .- An eight-story grain elevator, valued at \$700,000, lo-cated in the extreme northern end of the city on the Burlington tracks, was to 16, passed early this evening the blown in the Mississippi River by a Rucker resolution proposing a constisevere windstorm to-night.
The Bryan Hill Public School, also

in the north end, collapsed during the died from fright, making three deaths up to the present traceable to the

WEST VISITED BY

ANOTHER STORM

storm. in the West End, North Side and in St. Louis county, where many greenhouses were demolished by the hall stones, which measured more than two inches in diameter. The city parks were denuded of plants and flowers and the city's greenhouses were destroyed.
The storm came as the thousands were on their way home from down-

It put an abrupt end to the American League game between the local and the Cleveland teams, when the steel flag pole was snapped by the wind and players driven from the diamond by the storm.

on the North Side was left without windows after the storm.

Four negroes, two women and two white men were killed, several persons injured and several buildings were blown down at Valley Mines, Mo., about fifteen miles from Festus, Mo., by a tornado this afternoon about 2 o'clock.

De Soto, Mo., April 13 .- Five persons are reported dead and a score injured at Cadet, Mo., a town of 300 inhabi-

It now appears that at least nineteen persons were killed. Four deaths are reported from Meeker, Okla., and three from Plummerville, Ark., are of unidentified persons.

The list of injured will number more than a hundred.

being estimated at \$200,000. Seventy son gave us, but we cannot stop with four residences were wrecked, and the street car lines and electric lights were ence did not mention the questions of put out of commission. The city still

for our thoughts. It is of no conse- In Brown county, Kansas, more than quence to us unless we can translate \$300,000 worth of property was deits general terms into examples of the stroyed. The tornado swept a clean present day and substitute them in path fifteen miles long and three-some vital way for the examples it quarters of a mile wide in that sec-

Eskridge's loss is placed at \$75,000.

JOHN M'LANE DEAD

Pormer Governor of New Hampshire Dies at Southern Pines. Milford, N. H., April 13.—John Me-Lane, former Governor of New Hamp-shire, died at Southern Pines, N. C., toshire, died at Southern Pines, N. C., to-day, according to word received here to-night. He had been in ill health for some months and went South two weeks ago. The cause of death was cirrhosis of the liver.

Governor McLane was official host of the Russian-Japanese envoys during the Portsmouth peace conference.

PLEADS NOT GUILTY

John Hays Hammond Says He Entered No Conspiracy Against Sully.

Washington. April 13.—John Hays Frammond to-day filed a formal plea of not guilty in the suit brought against him by Daniel J. Sully for \$1,500,000 damages for conspiracy to defame the latter's character and destroy his good standing.

"Playing Santa Claus at Easter Time"

Most people, both elders and youngsters, think that old Santa Claus comes but once a year, and that at Christmas time. That's all a mistake, for Easter is one of his very busiest sensons.\(\) In fact, old St. Nick works harder supplying fashion's devotees with their Easter hots than be does filling Christmas stockings. "Playing Santa at Easter Time" is the title of a clever story written by William H. Mamby especially for the Sunday Illustrated Magazine of The Times-Disputch, It will be printed in next Sunday's big Easter edition.

HEARDIN PROTEST

Backed by Solid Phalanx of Majority, Resolution for Direct Election of Senators Is

Washington, April 13.—The House of Chicago, president of the Herman H. Hettler Lumber Company.

Although Mr. Hettler stated that Mr. Hines said nothing of the use of the Hines said nothing of the use of the state of Representatives, by a vote of 296 tutional amendment for the direct election of United States Senators.

House. Backed by a solid Democratic through modification, and with a speed that brought protests from the Republicans. The resolution, as the House approved it, is in the form of the Borah resolution, reported out of the Senate Judiciary Committee in the closing days of the last Congress, Republican opposition to the Rucker resolution in the House to-day was based on the fact that it did not contain the changes afterwards made in the fight in the

several States. Many Demands Made.

After six hours of debate, in which many demands were made for this teen of the Republicans voted for the passage of the resolution. Mr. Mc-Dermott, of Illinois, was the only Democrat voting against the resolu-

Senate, , which assured to Congress con-

tinued control over elections in the

declared that its form was such as to publicans who ultimately voted for the resolution, that the direct election amendment should be offered without any language attached that might be Mr. Harkless argued that Congress dangerous to the future congressional supervision of senatorial elections. most nearly perfect constitutional standard by which an opinion as to amendment that could be devised. An the curative effects could be judged. amendment, offered by Representative Young, of Michigan, adding language that resembled that of the Sutherland amendment adopted in the Senate two months ago, was defeated by a party vote of 121 to 190.

Force Record Vote.
The Republican Insurgents, led by the final passage of the resolution. fying the action of the Senate with The House voted overwhelmingly in reference to the delimitation of the favor of the measure, when Speaker champagne district, comparative calm Clark called for the viva voce vote; but the Insurgents demanded a roll Marne, and there is every indication record on the subject. The Democrats moderation from this on.

quickly seconded this demand It was a day of lively debate. Practically every man who spoke favored the direct election amendment. The differences arose mainly over the constitutional argument of whether the powers of the Federal government were in any way threatened

New members jumped into the fray with enthusiasm. Representative Lafferty, of Oregon, was a prominent figure amongst these, and told the House at the beginning that he was an Insurgent Republican, and proposed to support any good measure without regard to politics.
Representative O'Shaughnessy,

newly elected Democrat from Rhode Island, informed the House that the Legislature of Rhode Island did not represent the people of that State; that his State was the victim of "archaic laws and a moribund Con-stitution," and that he hoped the amendment for direct election of Senators would be a "short cut across lots that would give the people of poor downtrodden Rhode Island those privileges that had been taken from them by motheaten charters.' Representative Utter, a new Republican member from the same State, replied that Rhode Island did not need

After Cold Storage Products. Washington, April 13.—A bill to reg-ulate traffic in cold storage food pro-ducts introduced to-day by Represen-tative Littlepage, of West Virginia, would brand as adulterated foods the

would brand as adulterated foods the following:

Beef and beef products, after seven a months in cold storage; veal, four months; pork, four months; sheep, four months; lambs, butter, poultry, game, lish and butterine, three months.

The bill provides that any article, once in storage and returned after removal, shall be regarded as adulterated, and that no frozen article of food shall be offered for sale except as frozen. The penalty provided for violation of the proposed law is a fine of from \$100 to \$5,000 and imprisonment from six months to ten years.

Will Extend Program. Washington, April 13.—Encouraged by the smooth working of their new legislature machine which to-day began to grind, Democratic leaders of the House are planning to extend their

tariff revision program. Until this time the only tariff tinkering deter- Anders mined upon included Canadian reciprocity, the free list to benefit the farm. ers opposed to the reciprocity bill as it stands, and the wool and cotton schedules, but now it has been determined to revise the agricultural Chairman Underwood, of the Ways

and Means Committee, stated to-n'ght that the House at the rate of progress set to-day would complete the business outlined at the present much earlier to than was generally anticipated, and that other tariff schedules would be (Continued on Second Page.)

TRY TO DISCREDIT HINES

Attorneys Hope to Break Down His Denial of "Slush Fund." Springfield, Ill., April 13.—Develop-ments in to-day's hearing of the State

Let Special Privileges and Patronage Be No More.

Houses Collapse and Accustomed to DemoCratic Speed.

Women Die of Fright.

G. O. P. Members Not Accustomed to DemoCratic Speed.

Belection of United States Senator William Lorimer, were attempts by attorneys and investigators of the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hines, Chicago lumber man, accusted of having collected a large fund to elect Senator Lorimer, and the practical refusal of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce before the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Chicago packer and banker, to produce the committee to discredit the denial of Edward Hilden, Ch Senate committee investigating the election of United States Senator Wilthe various banks through which he Arizona Town Under

does business.

Mr. Tilden's attitude on the witness stand resulted in the serving of a second subpoena upon him as he stepped from the witness chair this afternoon. It commands Mr. Tilden to produce before the committee next Thursday the records of his various bank accounts in the year 1909. Refusal to do so, Mr. Tilden was given to understand by the committee, will result in an order of contempt being issued against him.

The testimony given a week ago by Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester Company, was to-day corroborated to a considerable degree by Herman H. Hettler,

money or improper methods in the election of Senator Lorimer, Mr. Hines was quoted as boasting of a personal achievement in "putting Lorimer over." Mr. Hettler said he had the conver This is the first of the Democratic sation with Mr. Hines in the Union program measures passed by the League Club, the place in which Mr. Funk testified that he met Hines when an alleged proposal to contribute \$10,000 to the Lorimer election fund was made to Mr. Funk.

IS FALSEHOOD BARRED

Supreme Court Hears Argument About Patent Medicine Labels.
Washington, April 13.—Does

pure food and drug act of 1906 prohibit wilful false statements on labels about the curative properties of medicines, or does it merely prohibit false statements about the ingredients

That question was argued to-day before the Supreme Court of the United Solicitor-General Lehmann. for the government, argued that the law should be given the broader in-terpretation admitting that the effect of such an interpretation probably would be to break up the patent med. icine business.

"I know of nothing within the scope Leader Mann and others of the Republicans who voted against the measure, ficial," he added to this point. The government was opposed by threaten the Federal government with James H. Harkless, representing O. the loss of control over senatorial elec-tions. They insisted, as did other Re-Federal courts of Missouri was quash-

never intended and could not if it had so intended, to enact a law which dealt with the curative effects of medicines. Democratic leaders declared that the Rucker resolution was open to no such He said such a law would be out of the construction, and that it offered the question, because there would be no

THEIR FURY SUBSIDES

Wine Growers Offer No Further Re-

sistance to Troops. Epernay, April 13.—Owing partly to Ocean the unrelaxing vigilance of 15,000 Fol Wisconsin, forced a record vote on Chamber of Deputies last night, nullicall, in order to put the House on that the populace will act with more

> The fury of the wine growers has subsided as suddenly as it rose. Manifestants are now offering no resist ance to the troops. The last marauding band from Rilly-La-Montagne, which was marching in the direction of Rheims, was intercepted and broken up by the soldiers before any damage

Leaders in the movement to-night issued a manifesto appealing to their adherents to await in calm confidence the deliberation of the Council of State, to which Premier Monis decided to refer the question. They affirm that the incendiarism and pillaging of last night, which they deplore, was the work of foreign elements, composed of anarchists and thleves, who worked in bands in the hope of making profit out of the disturbances they created.

march to Ay and the subsequent scenes from the car also. He was shot of vandalism were instigated and directed by some unknown persons, who made fraudulent use of the name of resides in Colorado. the vice-president of the Wine Growers' League in order to induce the people to follow them.

TO PAINT TAFT'S PORTRAIT

Andres Zorn, Swedish Artist, Will Make
Likeness.

Washington, April 13.—Andres Zorn, the Swedish painter, who is now doing a portrait of Vice-President Sherman, will begin next week a portrait of Président Taft. Secretary Nagel presented the painter to the President today, Several portraits of the President today, Several portraits of the President thave been painted since he assumed office, but none has yet been hung in the corridors of the White House by the side of those of other Chief Executives. The one which the President himself likes best finally will be hung there.

Lopez captured the Nacozari train on its southbound trip yesterday and held it near Fronteras until to-day, when with his troops aboard, numbering 150, it steamed back to Agua Prieta. Scarcely had the rebels designed when the firing began.

The rebels depioyed the firing litted tracks from Agua Prieta Station to the American customs house.

With the opening of the battle there began a rush of American sightseers from Douglas toward the international line, the greater number pausing at the customs house. The insurrectors

AUTO INTERESTS ORGANIZE

Will Protect Manufacturers and Promote Good Roads.

Albany, N. Y., April 13.—The Automobile Board of Trade, with its principal office in New York City, was
incorporated to-day to foster the interests of those engaged in manufacturing
automobiles and to promote the construction of better highways. The directors_are: Charles G. Hanch, Indianrectors_are: Charles G. Hanch, Indian-apolls: Charles Clifton, Buffalo: Hugh Chalmers, Sidney D. Walden, Detroit: Benjamin B. Roscoe, New York; Thos. Anderson, Cleveland; Samuel T. Davis, Jr., Bridgeport, Conn.

WILL ENTER EXHIBITS

Washington Jewelers to Take Active

Part in Local Display.

Washington, April 13—Washington lewelers will enter exhibits in the show given by the National American Retail Jewelers' Association in Richmond August 1 to 5. The Retail Jewelers' Association of the District has decided to make the Washington exhibit of precious stones one of the finest in the \$1,000,000 display. About fifty jewelers will go from here to attend the convention.

U.S.TROOPS CROSS MEXICAN BORDER AND STOP BATTLE

Constant Fire for Three Hours.

THREE KILLED, SEVERAL HURT

Rebels, Under "Red" Lopez, Attack Agua Prieta and Capture It After Fierce Battle-Fighting Continues Until Stopped by Charge of American Troops.

Agua Prieta, Mexico, April 13-(vis Douglas) .- During a battle which last ed all afternoon and resulted in the capture of this city by the rebels, commanded by "Red" Lopez, American troops crossed the border and stopped the fighting. The action was taken after three men had been killed and everal wounded in Douglas, and the continued firing was endangering the lives of Americans on United States, territory. Douglas was under constant

fire for three hours.

Agua Prieta surrendered to the rebels after one of the most spectaclar battles of the Mexican insurrection. There are many dead and wounded, including one American, E. W. Crow, who was struck by a stray bullet n Douglas,

This is the first time during the insurrection that any person has been killed on the American side as the result of the American side as the result of the border righting.

The dead and wounded of both the rebels and Federals are being taken to

Federal Soldiers to the number of thirty fled to the American side an hour before the battle ended, and were disarmed by the American troops. The rebels shot down many Federals as

Released as Fugitives.

Wounded Federal prisoners were escorted from Agua Prieta to the border, where they were released as fugitives on American soil. Lopez's bands numbered not more than 150, while the Federal defenders

It was stated to-night that the rebels would try to hold Agua Prieta, in the hope of winning recognition as belligerents by the United States. The Dead and Injured.

Agua Prieta is the terminal of the Nacozari Railroad into Sonora, and is the most important point on the border between El Paso and the Pacific Following are the American dead

ijured: Dead: Robert Harrington. J. C. Edwards. The wounded:

numbered sixty-five.

E. E. Crow; will probably die,
A. R. Dickson, half owner of the
Washington Mine; shot through the - Diko. thigh; condition serious. Forest Rutherford, assistant super-

intendent Copper Queen smelter, shot Carlos Lennon, a baker from Bisbee, shot in leg. Genevieve Cole, sixteen years old, daughter of A. W. Cole, formerly Alderman of Douglas City Council, shot

through arm. W. W. Singleton, chemist at Copper W. W. Singleton, chemist at Copper Queen mine, flesh wound in arm. Robert Harrington was a switchman employed in the yards of Douglas, and was on his train at Fourth Street. A bullet struck him in the head and he tumbled from the car. He was picked

an hour. E. E. Crow, another switchman, was The leaders also declared that the ley that killed Harrington swept him

Virginian Killed.

J. C. Edwards, a young man twenty-five years old, was fighting with the insurrectos and was killed. His home was in Virginia.

Lopez captured the Nacozari train

the customs house. The insurrectos n short sushes kept moving northward toward the customs house till within its shadows. The customs house is surrounded on three sides, facing Agua Prieta with a veranda which was crowded with Americans and Mexicana from Douglas. One rebel attempted to run from the embankment to an adobe house a few feet to the rear. He doubled up in his tracks. Another fol-lowed, dropping dead at the door,

Shot by His Leader,
Another, losing heart, threw down
his gun and broke for the American
line, only a few feet away, when Lopez leveled his gun at the fugitive, fired and brought him to earth. The rebels swung up along the international line, taking possession of he Mexican guard house, which the